

An Analysis of the Impact of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture on the Promotion of Population and Social Integration and Solidarity Mechanism

Fu Hongzhan

School of Political Science and Law, University of Jinan, Jinan, China

Abstract: The Excellent Traditional Chinese Culture Is The Bright Gem And Wisdom Crystal Of Chinese Civilization, Deeply Rooted In The Blood Of The Chinese Nation, And Is The Foundation And Soul Of Our National Spirit. Based On The Importance Of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture In Population Sociology, This Paper Explores Its Action Path And Internal Mechanism For Social Integration And Solidarity, Reveals How Traditional Cultural Elements Such As Family Concepts, Values And Cultural Heritage Promote Social Integration In The Change Of Population And Social Structure, And The Mechanism To Achieve Population And Social Solidarity In Enhancing Group Cohesion And Building Social Support Networks, So As To Provide Theoretical Basis And Practical Guidance For The Harmonious And Stable Development Of Society.

Keywords: Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture; Population Integration; Social Solidarity; Harmonious Society

1. Introduction

China is a multi-ethnic country with a long history and splendid culture. As an important cornerstone of social harmony, social solidarity has immeasurable value for safeguarding national unity and promoting social progress. In the contemporary society with accelerated population flow and increasingly complex social structure, the problem of social integration and solidarity is increasingly prominent.

It is generally believed that China is in a period of rapid transformation. This means that China will go through the historical process that developed countries have gone through for hundreds of years in a short period of time.

The transformation covers many aspects such as politics, economy and culture, that is, a "compressed modernization", so the current society is facing many challenges.^[1] As an important means of social education, culture has a significant impact on social development. The excellent traditional Chinese culture has a long history and is profound, bearing the wisdom and spiritual heritage of the Chinese nation for thousands of years. It plays a unique and irreplaceable role in condensing national emotions, shaping values, standardizing social behaviors, providing profound cultural nourishment and historical reference for coping with the dilemma of contemporary social integration and solidarity, and playing a great role in promoting social recognition and national unity and building a Socialist Harmonious Society.

Based on this, this paper will focus on the significance of Chinese excellent traditional culture for social integration and solidarity, and carry out a detailed discussion and analysis, in order to further promote and develop Chinese excellent traditional culture, strengthen social integration and solidarity, and promote social harmonious development, so as to provide useful reference for promoting the construction of the Chinese national community.

2. Theoretical Interpretation and Literature Review

2.1 Analysis of the Concept of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture

The excellent traditional Chinese culture, as the treasure of the Chinese nation's thousands of years of history, contains rich philosophical thoughts, humanistic spirit and moral standards. These important ideas, such as the unified view of Jiuzhou and pluralistic integration, the governance proposition that the people are the

foundation of the state and the government is based on morality, the national feelings of Shusai Haruhira and the responsibility of the rise and fall, and the way of communication of good faith and good neighborhoods, constitute the unique way of thinking, the way of life and the value orientation of the Chinese nation. These ideas not only have a profound cultural heritage, but also contain the value beyond time and space, which has an important guiding significance for the development and progress of modern society, and has far-reaching significance for maintaining national unity, enhancing national unity and promoting social integration.^[2]

2.2 The Theory of Social Identity

The development of social identity theory started from Taj Phil's research on the "minimum group paradigm". The theory provides a new perspective for group behavior, and is an important theoretical cornerstone to explore the optimization path of the relationship between individuals and groups. The theory holds that individuals know that they belong to a specific social group, and this sense of belonging will give individual emotion and value.

In the 1970s, Taj Phil and Turner further promoted the development of social identity theory, and proposed the concept of social comparison process and positive social identity. They believe that in order to maintain their positive social identity, individuals seek positive differences between their groups and other groups.^[3] This series of theoretical views provide a new interpretation perspective for the in-depth exploration of the relationship between individuals and groups, analyze the deep psychological motivation behind group behavior, and become an important theoretical cornerstone for the exploration of group cohesion, social integration and other issues.

2.3 The Theory of Social Integration

From the perspective of traditional culture, this paper analyzes the realistic motivation of social solidarity, which is to tap the traditional cultural resources that can promote social solidarity in the transitional period of Chinese society. Deal Cam divided social solidarity into two types: mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity, and used them to analyze all societies, not organizations in society. The

spiritual basis of social solidarity is collective consciousness, and the material basis is social division of labor. Social integration and solidarity refers to the social ties that unite individuals. It is a connection state characterized by combination or attraction between individuals, individuals and groups, groups and groups based on common emotions, morality, beliefs or values.

Starting from the psychological motivation held by individuals, Hu Anning understood social solidarity as an emotional bond of actors for other individuals or groups.^[4] This not only expands the understanding dimension, highlights the micro psychological basis of social contact, but also enables the social integration theory to build a bridge between the individual and the macro social structure, providing multiple perspectives and theoretical support for exploring the mechanism of promoting integration and unity in individual psychology, social relations and the overall social structure of Chinese excellent traditional culture.

Therefore, in a social community, contact is not limited to those who are familiar with each other, frequent exchanges and care about each other. Even those who have never met and seem to have no intersection, there are countless ties between them. Although the connection is intangible, it is an extremely powerful force, and everyone is closely connected by this force. It is with this invisible link that the society can have a complete form and independent vitality. It is through this connection that the society obtains a complete existence and independent life, which provides a subtle analysis perspective for in-depth understanding of the essence of social integration and solidarity.^[5]

3. The Role of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture in the Integration of Population and Society

3.1 Cultural Integration Promotes Organic Connection

Cultural integration is an important way for the social integration of multi-ethnic countries. Through cultural integration, the establishment of common cultural identity, so that it becomes the common spiritual home of all citizens, so as to promote the spontaneous consciousness of the national community and lay a solid

foundation for the construction of the national community. In the process of the construction of the Chinese national community, strengthening the recognition of Chinese culture, building the spiritual home shared by all ethnic groups and casting a strong sense of the Chinese national community are three complementary and mutually promoting relationships.

From the perspective of theoretical logic, strengthening the deep recognition of Chinese culture is an indispensable prerequisite, and building a spiritual home shared by all ethnic groups is an important condition to achieve this goal. Its ultimate purpose is to build an indestructible sense of the Chinese nation community. Through the integration of various ethnic cultures, Chinese culture is formed, and on this basis, the spiritual home shared by all ethnic groups is built, so as to stimulate the sense of the Chinese national community, and finally realize the spontaneous consciousness from cultural integration. The formation of Chinese excellent traditional culture is the result of the interaction of diverse cultures. Through extensive cultural transmission and cultural exchanges, mutual understanding between different ethnic groups is enhanced, and the extension of the cultural fault line is prevented, so as to achieve social integration.^[6]

3.2 The Guiding Role of Values

With the in-depth development of economic globalization and social transformation, people's values have a fierce and sharp conflict. This paper analyzes the necessity of the integration of values and the basic ways of integration.

The mainstream values of society show inclusiveness to various social thoughts, so as to optimize, reconstruct and integrate their own values. This kind of value guidance is not only helpful to regulate individual behavior, promote individual self-realization and social integration in society, but also regulate the relationship between different groups, reduce social conflicts caused by value conflicts, and ensure that the society can still maintain a harmonious and stable development situation and realize the effective integration of population and society when multiple values coexist.

3.3 The Cohesive Role of Cultural Heritage

The excellent traditional culture of China is passed down through various forms such as language, writing, art and customs, and these cultural elements become the spiritual bond of social members. In terms of shaping the national spirit and enhancing the social role of national cohesion, the common folk beliefs and habits often firmly unite the behavior and mentality of other members. In modern society, the inheritance and development of Chinese excellent traditional culture is facing new challenges and opportunities. By strengthening media communication, the essence and values of traditional culture are transmitted to a wider audience, and the public's cognition and interest in traditional culture are enhanced, so as to promote the inheritance and development of culture.

In a word, Chinese excellent traditional culture plays an irreplaceable role in promoting the integration of population and society. It realizes the organic connection between different ethnic cultures through cultural integration, points out the direction for social development through the guidance of values, and condenses the power of social members through cultural heritage. It not only greatly enhances the national identity and cohesion, but also provides a solid cultural foundation for the construction of a harmonious, stable and dynamic society, which has become a strong spiritual power to promote the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation.

4. The Mechanism of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture Promoting Population and Social Solidarity

4.1 Cultural Identity Condenses Group Centripetal Force

Cultural identity is the deepest level of identity, the root of national unity and the soul of national harmony. The Chinese cultural identity needs to seek to establish a common cognition and value in the multi-cultural, which is based on the common cognition and value, and on the basis of shared values, spiritual strength and cultural symbols. Through the cultural identity symbols, the spiritual strength is condensed, and you, I and he are transformed into us, forming a common sense among the members of the Chinese nation, so as to enhance the identity of the Chinese nation.

Cultural identity can develop the potential of the nation, mobilize the main force of the nation, stimulate the ideological vitality of national members, improve their enthusiasm and initiative of unity, and transform the emotion of unity into action, so as to promote the development of national unity and progress.^[7]

4.2 Historical Memory and the Shaping of Collective Identity

The symbol of historical memory carries the collective memory of the Chinese nation, and the collective memory can make people form an identity of some order or value. The collective memory is formed in the interaction of various ethnic groups, not a simple sum of individual memories, but a stable emotional set of the group for common characters, events or scenes.

Historical memory symbols span time and space, bringing people back to a specific historical field through historical figures and historical event symbols, deepening the common feelings among members, and strengthening the community concept of "sharing weal and woe, sharing life and death, and sharing destiny and common". For example, historical allusions such as "Jingwei sea filling" and "Yugong mountain shifting" enhance the reverence of the Chinese people for the common ancestor and the recognition of the indomitable struggle and self-improvement of the national spirit; historical events such as "tea horse market", "Silk Road" and "Yi sea alliance" will awaken the memory and emotion of the economic and political exchanges of various ethnic groups in history, so that people's understanding of the "three inseparable" relationship of national unity is more profound, and further promote the cohesion and centripetal force of the community.

4.3 Strengthening of Social Network and Social Support System

The strengthening of social networks and social support systems is an important mechanism for Chinese excellent traditional culture to promote social solidarity. By triggering the resonance of residents, promoting the innovation of governance concept, promoting substantive, comprehensive and sustainable social

participation, and then enhancing the communication and cooperation of community members in the grassroots social governance, enhancing the community cohesion, and finally strengthening the social support system. This series of positive roles closely linked individuals, communities and society, laid a solid foundation for promoting social solidarity, and became a powerful driving force for promoting harmonious and stable development of the society.

In a word, the excellent traditional Chinese culture shows a strong influence and positive role in shaping historical memory and collective identity, and strengthening social networks and social support systems. It runs through all levels of society, and provides continuous power and solid cultural support for promoting social solidarity and building a harmonious and stable social order.

5. The Challenges and Countermeasures of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture in Promoting Population and Social Integration and Solidarity Mechanism

5.1 Challenges

5.1.1 the conflict between multicultural impact and cultural differences

In the context of globalization, the influx of foreign culture has an impact on the dominant position of local culture. Cultural identity is an individual's sense of identity and belonging to his or her own cultural group, which is the cornerstone of social solidarity. Affected by foreign culture, the young generation's cognition and recognition of local culture are reduced, which brings difficulties to cultural integration. There are significant differences in China's national cultures. In the process of cultural exchanges and integration, due to the improper understanding and handling of cultural differences, conflicts and conflicts may arise, affecting social integration and unity.

5.1.2 historical nihilism and the challenge of inheritance methods

Historical nihilism attempts to distort and negate history, blur people's correct understanding of history, dispel the collective memory and common historical view of the Chinese nation, and weaken national identity and cohesion. The symbol of historical memory carries the collective memory of the

Chinese nation, and the collective memory can make people form an identity of some order or value. The inheritance of traditional historical memory mainly relies on school education and family inheritance. The way is relatively single, which is difficult to attract the interest of the young generation, leading to the gradual weakening of some historical memories and cultural symbols in the process of inheritance.

5.1.3 social network and social support system strengthening challenges

The modern fast-paced lifestyle makes people face greater pressure on work and life, reducing the time to participate in community activities, weakening the interaction among community members, and affecting the role of Chinese excellent traditional culture in grassroots social governance. Although emerging technologies such as the Internet have expanded social networks, they have also brought problems such as excessive virtual social interaction and real social alienation. The lack of deep emotional interaction in online communication makes it difficult to form effective social support, which is not conducive to strengthening the social support system.

5.2 Corresponding Solutions

5.2.1 strengthen cultural education and publicity, and promote cultural innovation and exchange

In order to cope with the impact of multiculturalism, it is necessary to build an all-round and multi-level cultural and educational system, and integrate the Chinese excellent traditional culture education into all aspects of social life. The network media should make use of its strong interactive characteristics to create a rich and colorful cultural communication platform, improve the public's cognitive level and understanding of the excellent traditional Chinese culture, and enhance the cultural identity. The government should increase its support for the cultural industry and develop cultural products with innovation and market competitiveness.

5.2.2 resolutely resist historical nihilism and innovate the way of historical memory inheritance

Establish a platform for the release of historical research results and timely disseminate correct historical research conclusions to the public. At the same time, we

should strengthen the supervision of network platforms, establish and improve the network information review mechanism, strengthen the management of social media platforms, guide netizens to establish correct network behavior norms, and consciously resist the spread of historical nihilism.

5.2.3 guide the rational use of emerging technologies and strengthen the production of generative AI cultural content

Strengthen the media literacy education for the public, and encourage the development of social platforms and applications with deep emotional interaction functions. The Chinese excellent traditional culture is vast and charming. Its rich connotation and unique charm provide rich cultural soil and value orientation for the development of generative AI technology. Therefore, we must adhere to the "two legs parallel" of technology and culture, develop technology and at the same time cultivate the cultural heritage of generative AI, with technology as the skeleton and culture as the blood. The generative AI products trained in this way will not only help to enhance the social influence and cultural value of generative AI, but also inject new vitality into the inheritance and innovative development of Chinese excellent traditional culture.

6. Conclusion

Traditional Chinese excellent culture is the fertile soil for the sense of community of the Chinese nation. It embodies the painstaking efforts and wisdom of the Chinese people of all ethnic groups. It is the cultural essence formed during the process of communication and integration among various ethnic groups, and reflects the common value consensus. Cultural identity is the deepest level of identity, serving as the foundation for the formation of national identity and ethnic identity, and it is also the spiritual bond connecting the Chinese nation. A harmonious social relationship is not only an important part of building a socialist harmonious society but also a crucial guarantee for it. Traditional Chinese excellent culture contains rich wisdom regarding social integration and unity. Through various means such as shaping common values, enhancing social trust, regulating social behaviors, and promoting cultural inheritance and communication, it has exerted a profound

influence on the mechanism of population social integration and unity. In contemporary society, in the face of increasingly complex social issues and a diversified social environment, fully exploring and making use of the resources of traditional Chinese excellent culture is of great practical significance for building a harmonious, stable, and united society. Currently, China is in a period of rapid and profound social transformation. Various social contradictions are gradually emerging, and sometimes we even face the severe challenge of these contradictions intensifying. How to effectively utilize the essence of traditional Chinese excellent culture and give full play to its unique social integration function to ensure the smooth operation of the social system and enhance social cohesion is undoubtedly a major issue that urgently requires long-term exploration and solution. In the future, we should further strengthen the research and inheritance of traditional Chinese excellent culture so that it can play a greater role in social development. At the same time, it is also necessary to innovatively transform traditional culture in combination with the characteristics of modern society, enabling it to better meet the needs of the times and provide continuous impetus for promoting population social integration and unity.

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